# Genome Informatics Course: UCSC Genome Browser

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# Introduction

main sections:

- 1. UCSC Genome Browser
- 2. BLAT
- 3. Custom tracks, Sessions and Track Hubs
- 4. Table Browser
- 5. Other UCSC tools

- what does it do?
- How do I use it?
- What problems does it help me solve?

#### UCSC Genome Bioinformatics

Genomes	- Blat - Tables - Gene Sorter - PCR - VisiGene - Session - FAQ - Help
Conomo	About the UCSC Genome Bioinformatics Site
Browser	Welcome to the LICSC Cenome Browser website. This site contains the reference sequence and working draft assemblies for a large collection of genomes. It also provides portals to ENCODE data at LICSC (2003 to 2012) and to the Neondertal
 Ebola	project. Download or purchase the Genome Browser source code, or the Genome Browser in a Box (GBiB) at our online store.
 Blat	We encourage you to explore these sequences with our tools. The Genome Browser zooms and scrolls over chromosomes, showing the work of apportators worldwide. The Gene Sorter shows expression, homology and other information on groups of
	genes that can be related in many ways. <u>Blat</u> quickly maps your sequence to the genome. The <u>Table Browser</u> provides convenient access to the underlying database. <u>VisiGene</u> lets you browse through a large collection of <i>in situ</i> mouse and frog images to
Table Browser	examine expression patterns. Genome Graphs allows you to upload and display genome-wide data sets.
Gene Sorter	The UCSC Genome Browser is developed and maintained by the Genome Bioinformatics Group, a cross-departmental team within the UC Santa Cruz Genomics Institute and the Center for Biomolecular Science and Engineering (CBSE) at the
	University of California Santa Cruz (UCSC). If you have feedback or questions concerning the tools or data on this website, feel free to contact us on our public mailing list.
PCR	The Genome Browser project team relies on public funding to support our work. Donations are welcome we have many more ideas than our funding supports! If you have ideas, drop a comment in our suggestion box.
Genome	
Graphs	
	News Archives News
VisiGene	To receive announcements of new genome assembly releases, new software features, updates and training seminars by email, subscribe to the genome-announce mailing list. Please see our blog for posts about Genome Browser tools, features, projects
	29 October 2014 - Genome Browser in a Box (GBiB)
Downloads	
Release	Sometimes you just want to keep your genomics data to yourself. Have you ever hesitated when uploading your data set into the UCSC Genome Browser? If so, you'll be happy to know that we have created a stand-alone personal version: Genome Browser in a Box (GBiB). If you have sensitive genomics data that you would like to view securely on your own lanton in the context of the LICSC Genome Browser. GBiB is for you
Custom Tracks	GBIB is an easy-to-install personal copy of the Genome Browser that comes preloaded with the most popular annotation tracks for human. It is highly configurable — you can access or download other annotation tracks of interest, or view any of the other 90+ organisms featured in the public Genome Browser, but keeps your data private and local to your own computer.
Cancer	
	GBIB is free for non-commercial use by non-profit organizations, academic institutions, and for personal use. Commercial use requires purchase of a license with setup fee and annual payment. Download or purchase GBIB in our secure online store.
Microbial	You can read more about GBiB on our <u>blog</u> , or in the <u>help doc</u> .
Genomes	20 October 2014 , dbSNP 141 Aveilable for ba19 and ba39
	20 OCCODER 2014 - UDSNF 141 AVAILADIE FOR HUISO
Neandertal	We are pleased to announce the release of four tracks derived from NCBI dbSNP Build 141 data, available on the two most recent human assemblies GRCh37/hg19 and GRCh38/hg38. The new tracks contain additional annotation data not included in providus dbSNP tracks with corresponding coloring and filtering options in the Conome Browser.
Training	There are three SNP tracks available for the GRCh37/hg19 assembly. One is a track containing all mappings of reference SNPs to the human assembly, labeled "All SNPs (141)". The other two tracks are subsets of this track and show interesting and
Blog	Common SNPs (141): uniquely mapped variants that appear in at least 1% of the population or are 100% non-reference

• Flagged SNPs (141): uniquely mapped variants, excluding Common SNPs, that have been flagged by dbSNP as "clinically associated"

### **UCSC Genome Bioinformatics**





Jim Kent

#### **David Haussler**

### 1. UCSC Browser

- Understanding the browser interface
- Basic searches
- Viewing tracks
- Configuring the display
- Navigating
- Printing images
- Retrieving DNA sequences and annotation

# Graphical view of genes, gene structure and annotation

😚 Genom	es Genome Browser	Tools	Mirrors [	Downloads	My Data	View	Help	About Us					
				U	CSC Ger	nome E	Browse	er on Human Feb. 2009 (	GRCh37/hg19) A	ssembly	/		
Genome					move <<	< << <	> >>	> >>> ZOOM in 1.5x 3x 10x base	Zoom out 1.5x 3x 10x	100x			
viewer				ch	ır9:21,076,124	-21,078,92	2,800	bp. enter position, gene symbol or search terr	ms	g	1		
	chr9 (p21.3)	24.2 9p24.1	9p23 22.3	p21.3 21.2	9p21.1 p13.3	13.1 9p12 9p1	1.2	9q12 9q13 21.11 9q21.13	21.31 q21.33	22.33 9031.	1 q31.29q31.39q32 9q38.1 q33.2 9q33.3	34,11 9034,3	
TENBI								UCSC Genes (RefSeq, GenBank, CCDS, Rfam, tRNA	s & Comparative Genomics)	-			
move start	Click on a feature t	or details. Clio	ck or drag in th	ie base pos	ition track to z	oom in. Cli	ck side ba	ars for track options. Drag side bars or la	abels up or down to reorder	tracks. Drag	tracks left or right to new position.		move end
				[	track search c	lefault tracks Use Tracks v	default o drop-dow with lots of	order hide all add custom tracks track h wn controls below and press refresh to alt of items will automatically be displayed in	ubs configure reverse res er tracks displayed. more compact modes.	size refresh expand all			
					+			Mapping and Sequencing		refresh			
					+			Genes and Gene Predictions		refresh			
					.+.			Phenotype and Literature		refresh			
			2	= 1	.+.			mRNA and EST		refresh			
				2	•			Expression		refresh			
					•			Regulation		refresh			
				2	+			Comparative Genomics		refresh			
			-		+			Neandertal Assembly and Analysis		refresh			
				•				Denisova Assembly and Analysis		refresh			
								Variation		refresh			
				İ	+			Repeats		refresh			
								refresh					

#### **Browser Interface**



# **Track Configuration**

- Track configuration depends on track type and enables you to;
  - Set data thresholds
  - Include or exclude data from a specific source
  - Choose data labels
  - Choose graph type, height, range and scale

• Track and element descriptions contain additional information

# **Configuring the genome browser display**

t	rack searc	h default tracks	default order hide all add custom tracks track hubs configure	reverse resize refresh
	Search	Advanced		
e	e2f1			
	search clear	cancel		
retu	urn to browser	(0 of 10 selected)		
+	Visibility	Track Name	Sort:  Operation of the second sec	Search for data types
	hide <b>T</b>	HeLa E2F1 Std	HeLa-S3 E2F1 Standard ChIP-seq Signal from ENCODE/SYDH -	
	hide 🔻	HeLa E2F1 Std	HeLa-S3 E2F1 Standard ChIP-seq Peaks from ENCODE/SYDH ▼	
	hide 🔻	MCF-7 E2F1	MCF-7 TFBS Uniform Peaks of HA-E2F1 from ENCODE/USC/Analysis 🔻	
	hide 🔻	HeLa-S3 E2F1 c2	HeLa-S3 TFBS Uniform Peaks of HA-E2F1 from ENCODE/USC/Analysis 🔻	
	hide 🔻	HeLa-S3 E2F1 c1	HeLa-S3 TFBS Uniform Peaks of E2F1 from ENCODE/USC/Analysis 🔻	
	hide 🔻	MCF7 HAE2 UCD	MCF-7 HA-E2F1 UC Davis ChIP-seq Signal from ENCODE/SYDH 🔻	
	hide 🔻	MCF7 HAE2 UCD	MCF-7 HA-E2F1 UC Davis ChIP-seq Peaks from ENCODE/SYDH 🔻	
	hide 🔻	<u>HeLa HAE2 Std</u>	HeLa-S3 HA-E2F1 Standard ChIP-seq Signal from ENCODE/SYDH 🔻	
	hide 🔻	HeLa HAE2 Std	HeLa-S3 HA-E2F1 Standard ChIP-seq Peaks from ENCODE/SYDH ▼	
	hide 🔻	🖉 SYDH TFBS	Transcription Factor Binding Sites by ChIP-seq from ENCODE/Stanford/Yale/USC/Harvard 🔻	
Ret	urn to Browser	(0 of 10 selected)		

🎾 Tracks so marked are containers which group related data tracks. Containers may need additional configuration (by clicking on the 🎾 icon) before they can be viewed in the browser.

# Visual cues



### **Example search for human TP53**



# **Annotation Track menu options**

# mRNA and EST Tracks Spliced ESTs dense hide dense squish pack full

#### Hide: removes a track from view

 Scale
 5 k0
 | hg19

 chr17:
 7,575,000
 7,586,000
 7,585,000
 7,590,000

#### Dense: all items collapsed into a single line



#### Squish: each item = separate line, but 50% height + packed



#### Pack: each item separate, but efficiently stacked (full height)

	Human ESTs That Have Been Spliced	
AL538476		8M42
BQ866889		****
AL518978	A1986724 DR451263 CONTRACTOR DR451263 CONTRACTOR CONTRA	*****
BQ857682	BM948815 BM948815	****
DT219528		*****
B0674898	BP388523	*****
BG115685		*****
BM762597		
BM762645	AU141723 AU141743 AU1	
BU163993	1 D0448298 D0448298	

#### Full: each item on separate line (may need to zoom to fit)

$\sim$		uman ESTS That Have Been	Solution and an
	AL538476 disconstruction and a second s		
	BQ855899 di		
	B0957682 disconstruction and a second s		
	DT219528 doctrossectore and a contract of the	***********************************	***************************************
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	BU163993 dicercon		Freedom Contractor Contra
	BM761093 dicercon		
	BM467886 dicercon	**********	Freedom Contractor Contra
	BM843851 000000000000000000000000000000000000		
	BM844164 dicercon		
	CD588472 000000000000000000000000000000000000		Freedom Contractor Contra
	BI055698 dicercon		
	BM761498		
مما	PROFESSION DEPENDENCE PROFESSION PROFESSION PROFESSION PROFESSION	and the second s	and the second

#### Additional Options: Filters, Supertracks ...



- Some tracks have filters (ESTs shown; SNPs other good example)
- <u>Super-tracks</u> may have multiple components, various settings
- Some tracks may have un-displayed data

# Mid page options to change settings



You control the views with numerous features

# **Printing track figures**

- Customize track
- Add title
- consider showing only one transcript per gene by turning off splice variants
- Increase the font size and remove the light blue vertical guide lines in the <u>image configuration menu</u>
- Change image size
- Click on blue navigation menu-> view ->PDF/PS link

### **Retrieve DNA sequence**

ñ	Genomes	Genome Browser	Tools	Mirrors	Downloads	My Data	Help	About Us			
Get DN	in Window	/ (hg19/Human)									
Get D	NA for								blue navigation menu -> view-> DNA		
Position	Position chr21:45,314,739-45,314,907										
Note: Th <u>Table Br</u>	Note: This page retrieves genomic DNA for a single region. If you would prefer to get DNA for many items in a particular track, or get DNA with formatting options based on gene structure (introns, exons, UTRs, etc.), try using the Table Browser with the "sequence" output format.										
Comio	Sequence Patriaval Pagien Ontioner										

#### Sequence Retrieval Region Options:

Add 0 extra bases upstream (5') and 0 extra downstream (3')

Note: if a feature is close to the beginning or end of a chromosome and upstream/downstream bases are added, they may be truncated in order to avoid extending past the edge of the chromosome.

#### Sequence Formatting Options:

All upper case.
All lower case.
Mask repeats: 

to lower case
to N

Reverse complement (get '-' strand sequence)

get DNA extended case/color options

Note: The "Mask repeats" option applies only to "get DNA" not to "extended case/color options"

# 2. BLAT (Blast Like Alignment Tool)

- Rapid sequence search by indexing entire genome
- Useful for finding high similarity matches
- 95% and greater similarity of length 25 bases or more OR sequences of 80% and greater similarity of length 20 amino acids or more
- Limits: DNA (25000 bp), Protein (10000 aa) or 25 sequences
- Can be installed and run locally

Hu	man BLAT S	ear	ch							
Bl	_AT Sear	ch	Genome							
	Ganama		Assembly:		Querthre		Sort output		Output to	
Hu	man	•	Feb 2009 (GRCh37/hg19)	•	BLAT's quess	•	query score	▼	hyperlink	pe. ▼
			1 65. 2000 (enconormig10)	-		-	4401),00010	-	-ijp on int	
			submit I'm t	feel	ling lucky clear	·				

### **BLAT results**

Human BLAT Results											
PLAT Search Beaulta											
BLAT Sea	ch Results										
ACTIONS	QUERY	SCORE	START	END	QSIZE	IDENTITY	CHRO	STR	AND START	END	SPAN
browser details	uc002g1j.3	2581	1	2591	2591	100.0%	17	-	7571720	7590868	19149
browser details	uc002g1j.3	177	2158	2436	2591	83.1%	1	+	45290354	45290634	281
browser details	uc002gij.3	176	2134	2433	2591	85.6%	10	-	27408468	27408791	324
browser details	uc002g1].3	174	2141	2437	2591	83.7%	2	+	27384674	27384975	302
browser details	uc002g1].3	174	2134	2436	2591	87.68	10	+	67312526	67312836	311
browser details	uc002g1j.3	173	2148	2431	2591	87.4%	10	+	71133346	71133631	286
prowser details	uc002g1].3	173	2149	2504	2591	84.0%	10	+	65420577	65421000	929
browser details	uc002g1].3	172	2153	2433	2591	83.4*	3	+	27600067	27600347	281
browser details	uc002g1].3	165	2160	2444	2591	88.4*	×	_	122127686	122127972	287
browser details	uc002g1].3	102	2152	2130	2591	03.28	4	_	109493652	109493934	203
browser details	uc002g1j.3	162	2137	2434	2591	84.08	1	_	225930110	225930396	287
prowser details	uc002g1j.3	162	2144	2437	2591	83.5%	10	+	15559328	15559614	287
prowser details	uc002g1j.3	160	2138	2552	2591	82.9%	9	-	131379044	131379531	488
prowser details	uc002g1].3	160	2158	2435	2591	82.28	4	_	139925816	139926096	281
browser details	uc002g1].3	160	2134	2414	2591	84.34	10	-	12095247	12095528	282
browser details	uc002g1].3	160	2127	2434	2591	86.0%	2	+	170700494	170700797	304
Contraction of the second second	Carl Star Law Low Low Low Low Low Low Low Low Low Lo	- Contraction					- Contraction	1.1.	Contraction of the local day	Contraction of the local distance of the loc	- Charles
browser detail:	uc002g1].3	26	2128	2159	2591	100.0%	3	_	27607611	27607638	28
browser details	uc002g1j.3	20	2108	293/	2591	33.18	A .	-	1/109213	1/109292	30
browser details	ucouzgij.3	20	22/3	2304	2591	90.78	5	-	124042069	124042000	32
browser details	a ucouzgij.3	25	2358	2389	2591	02.08	4	+	129892060	124842089	30
browser decails	ucouzgij.s	23	2353	23/9	2591	32.00	~	-	100332288	47160744	27
browser details	ucouzgij.s	23	2323	2345	2591	200.04	20	+	4/109/22	37109/44	23
browser decails	ucouzgij.s	22	2309	2209	2591	100.05	20		33243008	33243043	30
browser decails	ucou2g1].3	21	2102	2202	2591	100.08	4	+	38998603	38998623	21
browser detail:	uc002g1].3	21	2347	2367	2591	100.0%	1	+	188838363	199938383	21

- Results with demo sequences, settings default; sort = Query, Score
  - Score is a count of matches—higher number, better match
- Click browser to go to Genome Browser image location (next slide)
- Click <u>details</u> to see the alignment to <u>genomic</u> sequence (2<sup>nd</sup> slide)

### **Browser link**

	UCSC Genom	e Browser	on Human F	eb. 2009 (	GRCh37/hg	19) Assembl	y I
	move <<< <	< ] < ] > ] >> ](	>>> zoom in 1.5	x 3x 10x b	ase ] zoom out [ 1	.5x 3x 10x	
	chr17:7,571,72	0-7,590,868 19,1	49 bp. enter positio	n, gene symbol or s	earch terms	go	
	Chr17 (p13.1) 13.3 13.2 p	13.1 17012 17011.2	17011.2 17012	21.31	17022 23.2	4.2 <mark>024-3</mark> 025.1 17025.3	
query	Scale	1000	5 kb		ng19		7,000,000
	882911.3 <b></b>		Your S	equence from Blat Se	ar on		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					NRAP53 KAP53
	TP53			***********************	************************		
		Ma	apping and Seque	ncing Tracks		refresh	
	Base Position dense 💌	hide 💌	STS Markers hide	hide	hide 💌	B deCODE Recomb	
	<u> </u>	Map Contigs	Assembly hide •	GRC Map Contigs	Gap hide 💌	Publications hide	
Ref	BAC End Pairs	B Fosmid End	GC Percent	GRC Patch Release hide	<u>Hg18 Diff</u> hide <mark>▼</mark>	GRC Incident	-
	Hi Seq Depth V hide 🗨	Niki Track hide 💌	Nide	Mapability	hide -	hide •	
	Blat Sequence						

- From browser click in BLAT results
- A new track line with Your Sequence from BLAT Search appears

### **Details link**



# 3. Custom tracks, session and track Hubs

#### **Sessions**

- Signing in enables you to save current settings into a named session, and then restore settings from the session later.
- Iifespan: 4 months
- If you wish, you can share named sessions with other users.
- Individual sessions may be designated as either shared or non-shared to protect the privacy of confidential data.

•••••••••	0		P	<b></b>					
Â	Genomes	Genome Browser	Tools	Mirrors	Downloads	My Data	Help	About U	Js
Sign in	to UCSC G	enome Bioinforr		Sessions					
Login						Track Hul	s		
Create a	an account					Custom T	racks		

Signing in enables you to save current settings into a named session, and then restore settings from the session later. If you wish, you can share named sessions with other users.

#### Session Management

See the Sessions User's Guide for more information about this tool.

Click here to reset the browser user interface settings to their defaults.

If you sign in, you will also have the option to save named sessions.

#### Save Settings

Save current settings to a local file:

file:	file type returned:	plain text 🔹	submit
(leave file blank to get output	in browser window)		

#### **Restore Settings**

user: submit	Use settings from another user's saved session:									
	user:	session name:	submit							
Use settings from a local file: Choose file No file chosen submit	Use settings from a local file:	submit								
Use settings from a URL (http://, ftp://): submit										

#### Sharing Sessions

There are several ways to share saved sessions with others.

- If you sign in, you will be able to save named sessions which will be displayed with Browser and Email links.
- If you have saved your settings to a local file, you can send email to others with the file as an

### **Custom tracks**

it is possible for users to upload their own annotation data for temporary display in the browser. These custom annotation tracks are viewable only on the machine from which they were uploaded and are automatically discarded 48 hours after the last time they are accessed, unless they are saved in a <u>Session</u>. Optionally, users can make custom annotations viewable by others as well.

- Format your data
- Define browser characteristics
- Define track characteristics
- Upload and view your track
- Add URL for annotation details (option)

### **Track Hubs**

Home	Genomes	Blat Ta	ables G	Sene Sorter	PCR	Session	FAQ	Help				
(uman (	(Homo sapie	ns) Genor	ne Brow	ser Gateway	y							
			т	he UCSC Genor Software Co	ne Brows	er was created by c) The Regents c	y the Geno of the Univ	ome Bioinformatics Group oversity of California. All right	f UC Santa Cruz. hts reserved.			
		clad	le	genome		assembly		position or search term	gene imag	e width		
		Mammal	•	Human 💼	Feb. 200	9 (GRCh37/hg1	9) 🔹 cl	hr21:33,031,597-33,041,57	0	134 submit		
Track Data Hubs												
Track data hubs are collections of tracks from outside of UCSC that can be imported into the Genome Browser. To import a public hub check the the hub are not provided with the number of tracks with its own blue bar and label underneam the main browser graphic, and in the configure page. For Carlos												
OTE: Beca	use Track Hubs are cre	ated and maintain	ed by external s	iources, UCSC is not r	responsible	for their content	UCS	C Genome Browse	r on Human M	ar. 2006 (NCBI36	hq18) Assembly	
Public H	lubs My Hubs						n		>>> zoom in 1.5	3x 10x base ZOOM	out 1.5x 3x 10x	
Display	Hub Name	Description Sense/antisens	Assemblies	URL			chr1	7:38,449,840-38,530,994 81,1	55 bp. enter position, ger	e symbol or search terms	90	
		gene/exon expression	v m4 mm3			6	:hr17 (q21.31)	p13.3 p13.2 p13.1 17p12 17p11.2	17q11.2 17q12	21.31 17q22	23.2 24.2 q24.3 q25.1 17q2	53
•	SDSU NAT	exon array from South Dakota	n hg19	http://bioinformatics	s.scistate.edu		Scale		20 kb		hg18	
		State University, USA				-	chr17:	38,460,000 38,470,000	38,480,000	36,490,000 36,500,000 Human_CD133HSC_Meth	38,510,000 38,520,00	0 38,530,
2	DNA Methylation	DNA Methylation	mm9, hg18, hg19	http://smithlab.usc/	edu/trackdat	Consense			Changes in Hum	an Hematopoletic Stem Cells, Hoc	dges 2011	
0	Translation Initiation Sites (TIS)	Translation Initiation Sites	hg19	http://gengastro.1m	red.uni-kiel.d	Lange Contract	HSPC			Human HSPC Meth		
		ENCODE							Changes in Hum	an Hematopoletic Stem Cells, Hoo	sges 2011	
	ENCODE Analysis Hub	Analysis Data Hub	hg19	http://ftp.ebi.ac.uk/	pub/databas	New	Neut	an a		Human Neut Meth	AND IN ADDI ADDI ADDI ADDI ADDI	
	miRcode microRNA	Predicted microRNA target sites in	ho19	http://www.mircode	ora/ucscHul				DNA Methud			
	sites	GENCODE transcripts				-			DNA Methy	lation		re
	Roadmap Epigenomics Data Complete	Roadmap Epigenomics Data Complete	bo19	http://wizhub.wustl.c	edu/XirHub/I	Acute Myelo	d BC	ells	Blood Cells fr	om Brains	Breast	Lymphoc
Ŭ	Collection at Wash U VizHub	Collection at Wash U VizH-		This of the second second	tong thermology	Leukemia	hide	• •	Different Age	S (hide \$)	Cancer	Leukemi
			-			hide 😜	_		hide Ŧ		hide Ŧ	hide 🛟
Use Se	lected Hubs		Loa	Soe	.ucsc.	Colon Canc	er Cold	prectal Cancer and	Developing	Fetal Lung	Fibroblasts	Hematop
						hide 🗘	Chide	nomatous Polyp	hide	hide	hide 🗘	full :
							Cino		(Inde )	inde •		Peripher
						Induced Pluripotent	Loui	kocytes	Lymphoblastr	Neuroepithel	lium <u>Neuronal</u>	Blood
						Stem Cells	hide	: :	hide \$	Cells	Cells	Mononuc
						(hide 🗘	_			hide 🗘	hide 🗘	hide
						Placenta.	-					
						kidney, etc	Spe	m				
						hide \$	Tull	÷				

### **Track Hubs**

#### **Table Browser**

Use this program to retrieve the data associated with a track in text format, to calculate intersections between tracks, and to retrieve DNA sequence covered by a track. For help in using this application see Using the Table Browser for a description of the controls in this form, the User's Guide for general information and sample queries, and the OpenHelix Table Browser tutorial for a narrated presentation of the software features and usage. For more complex queries, you may want to use Galaxy or our public MySQL server. To examine the biological function of your set through annotation enrichments, send the data to GREAT. Refer to the Credits page for the list of contributors and usage restrictions associated with these data. All tables can be downloaded in their entirety from the Sequence and Annotation Downloads page.

clade: Mammal I genome:	Human I assembly: Mar. 2006 (NCB36/hg18) I						
group: Custom Tracks	1) track: dones 1 (manage custom tracks) track hubs						
table: et_clones_7284 I describe tab	Ne schema						
region:   genome   ENCODE P	egion: e genome O ENCODE Pilot regions O position Over-56010000-56030000 Isokup define regions						
identifiers (names/accessions):	pante list upload list						
filter: create	Table Browser						
intersection with knownGene: correlation: create	Use this program to retrieve the data associated with a track in text format, to calculate intersections between tracks, and to retrieve DNA sequence covered by a track. For help in using this application see Using the Table Between for a description of the controls in this form, the User's Guide for general information and sample queries, and the OpenHells. Table Browsen process for a description of the software fourtaines and usage. For more complex queries, you may want to use Calcury or our public Model. Table Browsen process or our public queries and usage. For more complex queries, you may want to use Calcury or our public Model.						
output format: custom track	and usage restrictions associated with these data.						
output file:	clade: munear is promet more is assembly: no. 200 (States and ) (States and )						
file type returned:   plain text	Construction Product According to Construct According to Constr						
Note: The all fields and selected fie get event summary/statistics	Rithon and Chi Tucks						
To reset all user cart settings (inclu	eveloper         Neurobortal Research y and Analysis         day         CREAT           eveloper         All Tracks         Keep output in browset)           file type         All Tracks						
	Note: to return more than 100,000 lines; change the filter setting (above). The entire data set may be available for download as a very large file that contains the original data values (not compressed into the wiggle format) – see the Downloads page. (get notput) (nonneu/contains) To meet all user cart settings (including contom tracks), <u>click here</u> .						

## 4. UCSC Table Browser

- Search for genes and annotation
- Setup and filters
- Join tables
- Retrieve sequences
- Intersecting tracks
- Export to external resources

### **Table browser interface**

clade: Mammal 🔻 genome: Human 🔻 assembly: Feb. 2009 (GRCh37/hg19) 🔻
group: Mapping and Sequencing 🔹 track: Assembly 🔹 add custom tracks track hubs
table: gold 🔹 describe table schema
region:  genome  ENCODE Pilot regions  position chr19:313707-313990 lookup define regions
identifiers (names/accessions): paste list upload list
filter: create
intersection: create
correlation: create
output format: all fields from selected table 🔹 Send output to 🗆 Galaxy 🔍 GREAT 🔍 GenomeSpace
output file: (leave blank to keep output in browser)
file type returned: 💿 plain text 🔍 gzip compressed
get output summary/statistics

To reset **all** user cart settings (including custom tracks), <u>click here</u>.

### **Table browser usage**

- Retrieve the DNA sequence data or annotation data underlying Genome Browser tracks for the entire genome, a specified coordinate range, or a set of accessions
- Apply a filter to set constraints on field values included in the output
- Generate a custom track and automatically add it to your session so that it can be graphically displayed in the Genome Browser
- Conduct both structured and free-from SQL queries on the data
- Combine queries on multiple tables or custom tracks through an intersection or union and generate a single set of output data
- Display basic statistics calculated over a selected data set
- Display the schema for table and list all other tables in the database connected to the table
- Organize the output data into several different formats for use in other applications, spreadsheets, or databases

# Table Browser driven discovery

Task: Search entire genome for "CAG" trinucleotide repeats from USCS tables.

- Choose genome [hg19]
- Choose table [Repeats->Simple Repeats]
- Describe table -find correct data fields
- Choose region [genome]
- Upload locations
- Data summary approx. 1 million simple repeats

Features of trinucleotide expansion in humans

Disease	Sequence	Location	Parent of origin of expansion	Repeat number (normal)	Repeat number (pre-mutation)	Repeat number (disease)	Somatic instability
Diseases with cod	ling TNRs						
DRPLA	CAG	ATN1 (exon 5)	Р	6–35	35–48	49–88	Yes
HD	CAG	HTT (exon 1)	Р	6–29	29–37	38–180	Yes
OPMD	GCN	PABPN1 (exon 1)	P and M	10	12–17	>11	None found in tissue tested (hypothalamus)
SCA1	CAG	ATXN1 (exon 8)	Р	6–39	40	41–83	Yes
SCA2	CAG	ATXN2 (exon 1)	Р	<31	31–32	32–200	Unknown
SCA3 (Machado– Joseph disease)	CAG	ATXN3 (exon 8)	Р	12–40	41–85	52–86	Unknown
SCA6	CAG	CACNA1A (exon 47)	Р	<18	19	20–33	None found
SCA7	CAG	ATXN7 (exon 3)	Р	4–17	28–33	>36 to >460	Yes
SCA17	CAG	TBP (exon 3)	P > M	25–42	43–48	45–66	Yes
SMBA	CAG	AR (exon 1)	Р	13–31	32–39	40	None found

# McMurray CT. Mechanisms of trinucleotide repeat instability during human development. Nat Rev Genet. 2010 Nov;11(11):786-99.

#### Simple Repeats (simpleRepeat) Summary Statistics

Table Dresseen Filter	item coun	t 80					
Table browser:Filter	I ADIE DI UWSEL FIILEI III g						
	•	item total	3,222 (0.00%)				
		smallest it	tem 25				
	Filter on Fields	average i	tem 40				
	hin is	biggest ite	em 93				
	alaraana	smallest s	core 50				
	chrom	average s	score 67				
clade: Mammal 🔻 genome: Human 🔻	chromStart is	biggest so	core 130				
group: All Tracks v track: Com	chromEnd is	daaa –					
table: snp141Common 🔹 describe tab	name	does V	match *	AND			
region:  genome  ENCODE Pilot regions  position	period is	ignored v	0	AND			
identifiers (names/accessions): paste list upload list	copyNum is	ignored 🔻	0	AND			
filter: create	consensusSize is	ignored 🔻	0	AND			
intersection: create	perMatch is	ignored 🔻	0	AND			
correlation: create	perIndel is	ignored 🔻	0	AND			
output format: all fields from selected table	score is	ignored 🔻	0	AND			
output file:	A is	ignored 🔻	0	AND			
file type returned:  plain text  returned:	C is	ignored 🔻	0	AND			
nie type returned. S plaintext S gzip compressed	G is	ignored 🔻	0	AND			
get output summan/statistics	T is	ignored 🔻	0	AND			
gereupar	entropy is	ignored 🔻	0	AND			
	sequence	does 🔻	match CAG				
	AND T Free-form	n query:					
search for simple repeats in the entire genome with "CAG" sequence and extract data table.	submit cancel	1					

### **Table Browser: Intersections**

- Combines the output of two queries into a single set of data based on specific join criteria.
- For example, this can be used to find all SNPs that intersect with RefSeq coding regions. The intersection can be configured to retain the existing alignment structure of the table with a specified amount of overlap, or discard the structure in favor of a simple list of position ranges using a base-pair intersection or union of the two data sets.
- The button functionalities are similar to those of the *filter* option.

## **Other tools**

- Gene sorter
- In silico PCR
- VisiGene browser
- Cancer Browser and Encode portal
- Genome graphs
- Other tools:
  - liftOver
  - Dusters
  - Tree maker

## **Search for related genes**

#### UCSC Human Gene Sorter

genome	Human 🔻	ass	sembly	Mar. 2006	6 (NCBI36/hg18)	<ul> <li>search</li> </ul>	tp53			Go
sort by E	Expression (GNF Atl	as2)	•	configure	filter (now off)	display 50	<ul> <li>output</li> </ul>	sequence	text	

#### About the Gene Sorter

This program displays a sorted table of genes that are related to one another. The relationship can be one of several types, including protein-level homology, similarity of gene expression profiles, or genomic proximity.

To display a gene and its relatives:

- 1. Select a genome and assembly from the corresponding pull-down menus.
- 2. Type a word or phrase into the search text box to specify which gene should be displayed in the Gene Sorter. Examples of search terms include FOXA2, HOXA9, and MAP kinase.
- 3. Choose the gene relationship with which you would like to sort the list by selecting an option from the sort by pull-down menu.
- 4. Press the Go! button to display your results.

Following a successful search, the Gene Sorter displays a table containing the specified gene -- highlighted in light green -- and its relatives, each on a separate line. To adjust the number of rows shown, select an option from the display pull-down menu.

The default set of table columns -- which can be expanded, reduced, and rearranged via the configure button -- shows additional information about the genes. Some of the column data, such as those in the BLAST E-value and %ID columns, are calculated relative to the highlighted gene. To select a different gene in the list, click on its name. Clicking on a gene's Genome Position will open the UCSC Genome Browser to the location of that gene. Similarly, clicking on a gene's Description will open a page showing detailed information about the gene.

One of the most powerful features of the Gene Sorter is its filtering capabilities, accessed via the *filter* button. Use the filter to fine-tune the list of displayed genes to a subset based on a selection of detailed and flexible criteria. For example, the filter may be used to select all human genes over-expressed in the cerebellum that have GO-annotated G-protein coupled receptor activity.

The Gene Sorter offers two options for displaying and downloading sequence associated with the genes in the table. Clicking on the sequence button will fetch associated protein, mRNA, promoter, or genomic sequence. To dump the table into a simple tab-delimited format suitable for import into a spreadsheet or relational database, click the text button.

The UCSC Gene Sorter was designed and implemented by Jim Kent, Fan Hsu, Donna Karolchik, David Haussler, and the UCSC Genome Bioinformatics Group. This work is supported by a grant from the National Human Genome Research Institute and by the Howard Hughes Medical Institute.

### **Gene Sorter**

#### UCSC Human Gene Sorter

											ç	genome Human		▼ assembly Mar. 2006 (NCBI36/hg18) ▼ Search uc002gij.2 Go!
								5	ort by Expression	on (GNF	Atlas2) 🔻 configure filter (now off) display 25 🔻 Output sequence text			
#	<u>Name</u>	<u>VisiGene</u>	fetal brain	amygdala	PB-CD4+ Tcells	pancreatic islets adipocyte skin	heart	kidney	testis ovary	<u>BLASTP</u> E-Value	Genome	2 Position		Description
1	<u>TP53</u>	n/a								<u>0</u>	<u>chr17</u>	7,522,016		tumor protein p53 isoform a
2	RPS20	n/a								n/a	<u>chr8 5</u>	7,148,895		ribosomal protein S20
<u>3</u>	<u>H2AFV</u>	n/a								n/a	<u>chr7 4</u>	4 <u>,846,994</u>		H2A histone family, member V isoform 1
<u>4</u>	RPL7A	<u>187765</u>								n/a	<u>chr9 1</u>	35,206,495		ribosomal protein L7a
<u>5</u>	RPS13	n/a								n/a	chr11	17,054,155		ribosomal protein S13
<u>6</u>	<u>SNRPG</u>	<u>181122</u>								n/a	<u>chr2 7</u>	0 <u>,368,191</u>		small nuclear ribonucleoprotein polypeptide G
Z	EIF4A1	<u>176036</u>								n/a	<u>chr17</u>	7,419,687		eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4A
8	<u>ADSL</u>	77625								n/a	chr22	39,082,485		adenylosuccinate lyase isoform a
<u>9</u>	CR601950	n/a								n/a	<u>chr17</u>	72,069,204		Homo sapiens primary hepatoblastoma cDNA, clone:HKMT0728, full insert sequence.
10	UBE2A	<u>182203</u>								n/a	<u>chr×1</u>	<u>18,597,467</u>		ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2A isoform 1
11	<u>GMPS</u>	<u>176663</u>								n/a	<u>chr3 1</u>	<u>57,104,616</u>		guanine monophosphate synthetase
12	<u>G3BP1</u>	<u>176455</u>								n/a	<u>chr5 1</u>	<u>51,148,388</u>		Ras-GTPase-activating protein SH3-domain-binding
13	<u>NUP37</u>	<u>187198</u>								n/a	<u>chr12</u>	101,014,297		nucleoporin 37kDa
<u>14</u>	<u>QARS</u>	<u>180161</u>								n/a	<u>chr3 4</u>	9,112,772		<u>glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase</u>
<u>15</u>	ZNF207	<u>26352</u>								n/a	<u>chr17</u> :	27,711,425		zinc finger protein 207 isoform c
16	XRCC5	n/a								n/a	<u>chr2 2</u>	16,730,812		ATP-dependent DNA helicase II
17	LOC647099	n/a								n/a	<u>chr17</u> :	24,073,314		similar to ribosomal protein L23A
<u>18</u>	PABPC4	<u>36799</u>								n/a	<u>chr1 3</u>	<u>9,807,039</u>		<u>poly A binding protein, cytoplasmic 4 isoform 2</u>
19	RPS18	<u>180521</u>								n/a	chr6 3	3,350,044		ribosomal protein S18
20	RPS18	n/a								n/a	chr6_c	:ox_hap1	2,203	ribosomal protein S18
21	RPS18	n/a								n/a	chr6_c	abl_hap2 4,428	,251	ribosomal protein S18
22	PSMA5	180067								n/a	chr1 1	09,758,277		proteasome alpha 5 subunit
23	LOC441743	n/a								n/a	chr16	376,999		Uncharacterized protein ENSP00000332117.
24	PHF10	27218								n/a	chr6 1	69,855,917		PHD finger protein 10 isoform a
25	RPS27	59894								n/a	chr1 1	52,230,551		ribosomal protein S27



**Configure Gene Sorter** 

submit Columns: hide all show all default Settings: save load

Expression ratio colors: red high/green low 🔻 Show all splicing variants: 🗆 custom columns

Name	On	Position	Description	Configuration			
#			Item Number in Displayed List/Select Gene	n/a			
Name		$\checkmark$	Gene Name/Select Gene	n/a			
UniProtKB		$\checkmark$	UniProtKB Protein Display ID	n/a			
UniProtKB Acc		$\checkmark$	UniProtKB Protein Accession	n/a			
RefSeq		$\mathbf{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}}$	NCBI RefSeq Gene Accession	n/a			
Entrez Gene		₹	NCBI Entrez Gene/LocusLink ID	n/a			
UCSC ID		$\checkmark$	UCSC Transcript ID	n/a			
GenBank		$\mathbf{\tilde{\mathbf{A}}}$	GenBank mRNA Accession	n/a			
Ensembl		×	Ensembl Transcript ID	n/a			
KEGG		$\mathbf{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}}$	KEGG Pathway ID	n/a			
GNF Atlas 2 ID		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{x}}}$	ID of Associated GNF Atlas 2 Expression Data	n/a			
Gene Category		$\checkmark$	High Level Gene Category - Coding, Antisense, etc.	n/a			
CDS Score		$\mathbf{\mathbf{x}}$	Coding potential score from txCdsPredict	n/a			
VisiGene		$\mathbf{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}}$	UCSC VisiGene In Situ Image Browser	n/a			
Allen Brain		$\checkmark$	Allen Brain Atlas In Situ Images of Adult Mouse Brains	n/a			
U133 ID		$\checkmark$	ID of Associated Affymetrix U133 Expression Data	n/a			
U133Plus2 ID		$\checkmark$	ID of Associated Affymetrix U133 Plus 2.0 Expression Data	n/a			
U95 ID		$\checkmark$	ID of Associated Affymetrix U95 Expression Data	n/a			
GNF Atlas 2		$\checkmark \checkmark$	GNF Expression Atlas 2 Data from U133A and GNF1H Chips	brightness: 1.0 tissues: selected 🔹 values: ratio 💌			
H-Inv		₹	H-Invitational Gene Database	n/a			
Max GNF Atlas 2		$\checkmark$	Maximum Expression Value of GNF Expression Atlas 2	n/a			
GNF Atlas 2 Delta		$\mathbf{\mathbf{x}}$	Normalized Difference in GNF Expression Atlas 2 from Selected Gene	n/a			
GNF U95		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{x}}}$	GNF Expression Atlas 1 Human Data on Affy U95 Chips	brightness: 1.0 tissues: selected   Values: ratio			
Max GNF U95		$\checkmark$	Maximum Expression Value of GNF Expression Atlas 1	n/a			
GNF Atlas1 Delta		$\checkmark$	Normalized Difference in GNF Atlas 1 Expression from Selected Gene	n/a			
Affy Exons		$\checkmark$	Affymetrix All Exon Microarrays	brightness: 1.0			
Affy Exon Dst		$\checkmark$	Affymetrix All Exon Microarrays Distance	n/a			
BLASTP Bits		$\checkmark$	NCBI BLASTP Bit Score	n/a			
BLASTP				-1-			

#### **Filter**

#### Gene Sorter Filter

adipocyte pancreatic islets

heart lung On this page you can restrict which genes appear in the main table based on the values in any column. Click the *submit* button to return to the main Gene Sorter page with the current filter settings applied.

submit clear filter save filter load filter

Quickly obtain a list of gene names that pass the filter: list names

#### Filter Controls for Displayed Columns:

Name - Gene Na Name search (inc Include if any • w Limit to items (no	Name - Gene Name/Select Gene Name search (including * and ? wildcards): Include if any • words in search term match. Limit to items (no wildcards) in list: paste list upload list							
VisiGene - UCSC VisiGene In Situ Image Browser VisiGene search (including * and ? wildcards): Include if any ▼ words in search term match. Limit to items (no wildcards) in list: paste list upload list								
GNF Atlas 2 - GN	IF Express	ion Atlas 2	2 Data from	U133A and	GNF1H Chips			
Note: the values h These are calcula	ere range fr ted as logB	rom about - ase2(tissue	5.0 to 5.0. e/reference)					
Tissue	Minimum	Maximum						
fetal brain								
whole brain								
amygdala	amygdala							
thymus	nus							
bone marrow								
PB-CD4+ Tcells								
skin								

### In silico PCR

UCSC In-Silico PCR					
Genome: Human	Assembly: Mar. 2006 (NCBI36/hg18)	Target: genome assembly ▼	Forward Primer:	Reverse Primer:	
Max Product Size: 4000		Min Perfect Match: 15	Min Good Match: 15	Flip Reverse Primer: 🔲	

#### About In-Silico PCR

In-Silico PCR searches a sequence database with a pair of PCR primers, using an indexing strategy for fast performance.

#### **Configuration Options**

Genome and Assembly - The sequence database to search. Target - If available, choose to query transcribed sequences. Forward Primer - Must be at least 15 bases in length. Reverse Primer - On the opposite strand from the forward primer. Minimum length of 15 bases. Max Product Size - Maximum size of amplified region. Min Perfect Match - Number of bases that match exactly on 3' end of primers. Minimum match size is 15. Min Good Match - Number of bases on 3' end of primers where at least 2 out of 3 bases match. Flip Reverse Primer - Invert the sequence order of the reverse primer and complement it.

#### Output

When successful, the search returns a sequence output file in fasta format containing all sequence in the database that lie between and include the primer pair. The fasta header describes the region in the database and the primers. The fasta body is capitalized in areas where the primer sequence matches the database sequence and in lower-case elsewhere. Here is an example from human:

gactycagagaaagycaggctygttatacaagcttytgtggtccaa tatgacagctgaagaagycaggctggttatacaagcttytgtggtccaa tatgacagctgaagtttccaggggctggttatgatggtgagccagtgaggtaag tacacagaacatcctaggagaaccctcattctaagataaaataaa gactyctgtctgtagggattggattatcctattgagaatatctgtta tccagaatggcttaccccaatgctggaaagtgtggtaccaa gacagctctctctagaggaaacaccagcgtcacaggagcaaag aaattggttcactttaaggtgaatccagaacccgatgtcaggagcaaag aaattggttctactttaaggtgaatccagaacccgatgtcaggagcaag aaattggcttcctcagacaGCGGCGCTAGGGG

The + between the coordinates in the fasta header indicates this is on the positive strand.

#### Author

In-Silico PCR was written by Jim Kent. Interactive use on this web server is free to all. Sources and executables to run batch jobs on your own server are available free for academic, personal, and non-profit purposes. Non-exclusive commercial licenses are also available. Contact Jim for details.

### In silico PCR usage

- Select genome
- Genomic or transcript?
- Enter primers
- Set configuration options

#### About In-Silico PCR

In-Silico PCR searches a sequence database with a pair of PCR primers, using an indexing strategy for fast performance

#### **Configuration Options**

Genome and Assembly - The sequence database to search. Target - If available, choose to query transcribed sequences. Forward Primer - Must be at least 15 bases in length. Reverse Primer - On the opposite strand from the forward primer. Minimum length of 15 bases. Max Product Size - Maximum size of amplified region. Min Perfect Match - Number of bases that match exactly on 3' end of primers. Minimum match size is 15. Min Good Match - Number of bases on 3' end of primers where at least 2 out of 3 bases match. Flip Reverse Primer - Invert the sequence order of the reverse primer and complement it.

#### Output

When successful, the search returns a sequence output file in fasta format containing all sequence in the database that lie between and include the primer pair. The fasta header describes the region in the database and the primers. The fasta body is capitalized in areas where the primer sequence matches the database sequence and in lower-case elsewhere. Here is an example from human:

>chr22:31000551+31001000 TAACAGATTGATGATCGATGAAATGGG CCCATGAGTGGCTCCTAAAGCAGCTGC TtACAGATTGATGATGATGAAATGGGgggtggcagggggggggggg gactgcaggaaaggcaggctggttcataacaagctttgtgcgtccaa tatgacagctgaagtttccaggggctggttaagtaggcaggtgagg tacacagacactctaggagaaccctattcttaaagattaaaaataaa gactgctgtctgtaagggattggatatcctattgagaaattaa gactgctgtctgtaagggattggaaacacaagcgctacagaagcaag aaatggcttaccttctaggaaaaacacagacgctacaggaagcaag aaatggttcactttaaggtaaacccagaacccagatgtcaga aaatggttctactttaaggtaatccGAGGCGT AGGAG

The + between the coordinates in the fasta header indicates this is on the positive strand.



#### VisiGene Image Browser

VisiGene is a virtual microscope for viewing *in situ* images. These images show where a gene is used in an organism, sometimes down to cellular resolution. With VisiGene users can retrieve images that meet specific search criteria, then interactively zoom and scroll across the collection.

search

#### Images Available

The following image collections are currently available for browsing:

- High-quality high-resolution images of eight-week-old male mouse sagittal brain slices with reverse-complemented mRNA hybridization probes from the <u>Allen Brain Atlas</u>, courtesy of the <u>Allen Institute for Brain Science</u>
- Mouse in situ images from the <u>Jackson Lab Gene Expression Database</u> (GXD) at MGI
- Transcription factors in mouse embryos from the Mahoney Center for Neuro-Oncology
- Mouse head and brain *in situ* images from NCBI's <u>Gene Expression Nervous System</u>
   <u>Atlas</u> (GENSAT) database
- Xenopus laevis in situ images from the <u>National Institute for Basic Biology</u> (NIBB) XDB project







#### **Cancer Browser**



#### Encode



#### Encyclopedia of DNA Elements at UCSC 2003 - 2012

Human Data at UCSC	About								
Downloads	The Encyclopedia of DNA Elements (ENCODE) Consortium is an international collaboration of research are	nuns funded by the National Human Genome Research Institute (NHGRI). The goal of ENCODE is to build a comprehensive							
Experiment Matrix	parts list of functional elements in the human genome, including elements that act at the protein and RNA levels, and regulatory elements that control cells and circumstances in which a gene is active.								
Search	UCSC coordinated data for the ENCODE Consortium from its inception in 2003 (Pilot phase) to the end of the first 5 year phase of whole-genome data production in 2012. All data produced by ENCODE investigators and the results of								
Genome Browser (hg19)	ENCODE analysis projects from this period are nosted in the UCSC Genome browser and database. Explore ENCODE data using the image links below or via the left menu bar. All ENCODE data at UCSC are freely available for download and analysis.								
Experiment List	ENCODE results from 2013 and later are available from the ENCODE Project Portal, encodeproject.org. The ENCODE Project Portal also hosts ENCODE data from the first production phase, additional ENCODE access tools,								
Cell Types	and ENCODE project pages including up-to-date information about data releases, publications, and upcom	ing tutonals.							
Mouse Data at UCSC									
Downloads	Explore ENCODE data at UCSC	View ENCODE data in the UCSC Genome Browser							
Experiment Matrix	TOP LENGODE Experiment Metrix (2007-2012)	UCSC Genome Browser on Human Feb. 2009 (GRCA/Thp10), Assembly							
Search	mercine a state of the state of								
Genome Browser (mm9)									
Experiment List									
Cell Types									
Metadata Terms									
Registered Variables									
Antibodies									
Other Resources	Search for data at the ENCODE Portal	Search for ENCODE tracks in the UCSC Browser							
News Archive	DOCCE Into Marino America Amer	Search for Tracks in the Human Feb. 2009 (GMC).17bg/19, Assembly							
First Production (2007-2012)	Image         Decemp () of 402         Image           Image         0	Ench Advance Teachara encode e							
Pilot (2003-2007)	Reference (2012) (Proceedings, 2012) (Proceedi	and Graph Reference of the second sec							
Contacts	Name         Control         Control         Control           Paraget	Caref (promotioning NAMEN (provide ) Representation (const.)							
	Image: Section 1         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2         Image: Section 2           Image: S	Immunities     Back State							

### **Other utilities**

### UCSC Genome Bioinformatics

Home - Genomes - Blat - Tables - Gene Sorter - PCR - Session - FAQ - Help

#### **UCSC Genome Browser Utilities**

This page contains links to tools and utilities created by the UCSC Genome Bioinformatics Group.

- <u>Batch Coordinate Conversion (liftOver)</u> converts genome coordinates and genome annotation files between assemblies. The current version supports both forward and reverse conversions, as well as conversions between selected species.
- <u>DNA Duster</u> removes formatting characters and other non-sequence-related characters from an input sequence. Offers several configuration options for the output format, including translated protein.
- Protein Duster removes formatting characters and other non-sequence-related characters from an input sequence. Offers several
  configuration options for the output format.
- <u>Phylogenetic Tree Gif Maker</u> creates a gif image from the phylogenetic tree specification given. Offers several configuration options for branch lengths, normalized lengths, branch labels, legend etc.
- Executable and Source Code Downloads executable and source code downloads of the Genome Browser, Blat and liftOver.

# Acknowledgements

Prof. Simon Tavaré Mark Dunning Henry Farmery Alex Tunnicliffe Tom Carroll



