

Introduction to Bulk RNAseq data analysis

Quantification of Gene Expression with Salmon

Exercise 1 - Create Salmon index

First ensure you are working in the correct directory

```
cd ~/Course_Materials/RNAseq
```

1. Create concatenated transcriptome/genome reference file

```
cat references/Mus_musculus.GRCm38.cdna.chr14.fa.gz \  
    references/Mus_musculus.GRCm38.dna_sm.chr14.fa.gz \  
> references/gentrome.chr14.fa.gz
```

2. Create decoy sequence list from the genomic fasta

```
echo "14" > references/decoys.txt
```

3. Use `salmon index` to create the index. You will need to provide three pieces of information:

- the **Transcript fasta file** - `references/gentrome.chr14.fa.gz`
- the **decoys** - `references/decoys.txt`
- the **salmon index** - a directory to write the index to, use `references/salmon_index_chr14`

Also add `-p 7` to the command to instruct salmon to use 7 threads/cores. To find the flags for the other three pieces of information use:

```
salmon index --help
```

```
Version Info: This is the most recent version of salmon.
```

```
Index
```

```
=====
```

```
Creates a salmon index.
```

```
Command Line Options:
```

```
-v [ --version ]           print version string  
-h [ --help ]             produce help message  
-t [ --transcripts ] arg  Transcript fasta file.  
-k [ --kmerLen ] arg (=31) The size of k-mers that should be used for the  
                           quasi index.  
-i [ --index ] arg        salmon index.  
--gencode                  This flag will expect the input transcript  
...  
...  
...  
-d [ --decoys ] arg       Treat these sequences ids from the reference as  
                           the decoys that may have sequence homologous to  
                           some known transcript. for example in case of  
                           the genome, provide a list of chromosome name  
                           --- one per line
```

```
salmon index \  
-t references/gentrome.chr14.fa.gz \  
-d references/decoys.txt \  
-p 7 \  
-i references/salmon_index_chr14
```

Exercise 2 - Quantify with Salmon

1. Make directory called `salmon_output`

```
mkdir salmon_output
```

2. Use `salmon quant` to quantify the gene expression from the raw fastq. To see all the options run `salmon quant --help-reads`. There are lot of possible parameters, we will need to provide the following:

- **salmon index** - `references/salmon_index`
- `-l A` - Salmon needs to use some information about the library preparation, we could explicitly give this, but it is easy enough for Salmon to **A**utomatically infer this from the data.
- **File containing the #1 mates** - `fastq/SRR7657883.sra_1.fastq.gz`
- **File containing the #2 mates** - `fastq/SRR7657883.sra_2.fastq.gz`
- **Output quantification directory** - `salmon_output/SRR7657883`
- `--gcBias` - salmon can optionally correct for GC content bias, it is recommended to always use this
- **The number of threads to use** - `7`

```
salmon quant \  
-p 7 \  
-i references/salmon_index \  
--gcBias \  
-l A \  
-1 fastq/SRR7657883.sra_1.fastq.gz \  
-2 fastq/SRR7657883.sra_2.fastq.gz \  
-o salmon_output/SRR7657883
```

Exercise 3 - Run multiqc

1. Run `multiqc` on the `salmon_output` directory and create a report called `Salmon_quantification_report` in the `salmon_output` directory.

```
multiqc -z -n Salmon_quantification_report -o salmon_output salmon_output
```

⇒ `salmon_output/Salmon_quantification_report.html`

2. Open the report and determine what percentage of the reads have been *aligned* to the transcriptome.

With Salmon we have ~85% of reads mapped to the transcriptome.